THE [*Numb.* 847.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *July* 30, 1761.

NAPLES, April 4.

THE following is a Tranſlation of the Turkiſh Manifeſto againſt the Malteſe: *By the Mighty Powerful Grand Sultan Oſman, &c. &c. &c. The great Amurath, illuſtrious Sultan of the Turks, our Predeceſſor, and well-beloved Brother, of immortal Memory, had conceived the Deſign of wreſting the little Rock of the Knights of Malta from the Chriſtians, and deſtroying their Ships, which cover and poſſeſs our Seas; but Death ſnatched him off, and prevented his Project from taking Effect. To us he left it in Charge by his Will, to ſee his Deſign put in Execution. Perhaps we ſhould have deferred the Enterprize, had we not been obliged to it by our juſt Wrath againſt theſe Knights and their* ABETTORS; *the Behaviour of whom in regard to our Ships, is but too ſhocking. Therefore, taking a quick and lawful Reſolution, we ordain by this preſent Ordinance, that our Subjects appear at Conſtantinople in the Moon of March, with their Galleys, and their other armed Veſſels; and that all the Ships in our Arſenals be ready at the ſame Time, that we may embark our Army, in order that it may imprint Terror in the Univerſe; that the whole Chriſtian World may feel our juſt Indignation; and that by our invincible Power may be made the laſt Maſſacre of the Chriſtians, &c. &c. &c.*

April 15. Councils are frequently held about the formidable Armament making in the Ports of Turkey, which is ſtill ſaid to be deſigned againſt Malta; but leſt it ſhould be directed another Way, we are going to tranſport ſeveral Regiments to Sicily, to reinforce the Garriſons by Way of Precaution.

Malta, April 2. The greateſt Preparations are making to receive the Turks, in caſe they ſhould make an Attempt upon this Iſland.

Vienna, April 15. From all the Steps taken by the King of Pruſſia, we are of Opinion that he will act offenſively in Sileſia, and keep upon the defenſive in Saxony.

Prague, April 18. We have Advice from Saxony, that Marſhal Daun has detached from his Army a choſen Corps, with orders to approach Meiſſen as near as poſſible, to obſerve the Motions of the Pruſſians; which gives us room to expect ſome bloody Affair in that Part.

Konigſberg, April 17. It is ſaid our Governor has juſt received Orders from Peterſburgh to ſend off immediately all the Pruſſian Priſoners that are here for Riga, that they may not give any Advice of the Motions which are very quickly to be made by the Ruſſian Troops in this City, and in all the Reſt of the Kingdom.

Berlin, April 21. The military Preparations are purſued with as much Vigour as ever, and Recruits are every Day ſent off for Saxony and Sileſia, as well as a Number of Horſes for remounting the Cavalry.

The Negociation for an Exchange of Priſoners with the Court of Vienna, is entirely broke off, and our Commiſſaries are returned.

April 22. We are generally perſuaded here that the Appointment of the Congreſs will not prevent the Campaign's taking place, as well in Saxony as Sileſia, where we are even aſſured ſome great Blows will be ſtruck this Year.

The different Letters from Dantzick and Poland by the laſt Poſt import, that the Ruſſian Army was at length put in Motion, and preparing to paſs the Viſtula, having, for that Purpoſe, already eſtabliſhed ſeveral Bridges of Boats over that River.

Frankfort, April 23. We have a Report of an Action in Saxony, between the Pruſſians and the Corps of Auſtrians under Gene. Beck; but neither Time nor Place is mentioned.

Cologn, April 28. They write from Voigtland, that the Pruſſians, after exacting heavy Contributions, have abandoned Hoff, Plauen, and all that Neighbourhood, and were marching, to the number of 10,000 Men, towards Heſſia.

Hanover, April 18. We are flattered here with the Hopes that an Armiſtice is to be publiſhed on the firſt of May, between our Army and that of France, which will continue proviſionally for ſix Months.

Frankfort, April 23. The Prince de Soubiſe, after divers Conferences with Marſhal Broglio, upon the approaching Operations, ſet out from hence the 21ſt, to take the Command of the Army on the Lower Rhine. It is thought the Campaign will open there in 15 Days.

Weſel, April 29. The Prince de Soubiſe arrived here the Day before Yeſterday, and is gone to viſit all the Poſts along the Rhine.

Duſſeldorp, April 27. It is reckoned that the Prince de Soubiſe's Army will be entirely formed by the 10th of May, at which Time it will be put in Motion to enter upon its Operations, which it is thought will begin with the Sieges of Munſter and Lipſtadt. As to the Army of Marſhal Broglio, there is no Appearance of its taking the Field before the Month of June, having Need of that Time to refreſh and provide themſelves with all the wanted Neceſſaries.

Hague, April 28. The Hereditary Prince has been ſome Days at Munſter, where his Serene Highneſs is taking great Pains to put that Place in a good State of Defence.

Breſt, April 14. M. d'Apche left at the Iſle of France ten French Ships in good Condition; but the Engliſh had then ſeventeen on the Coaſt of Coromandel.

Conſtantinople, April 5. The Treaty of Commerce between the Porte and the King of Pruſſia, which hath been negociating ſome Years, is at laſt concluded. The Ratifications were exchanged Yeſterday.

Sugan, April 24. The Troops quartered in this Dutchy having aſſembled under Gen. Goltze, have been joined near Schweidnitz by a large Body of Troops, chiefly Horſe, brought from Saxony by the King in Perſon, who hath fixed his Quarters at Wirbus, between Schweidnitz and Reichenbach. The Auſtrians have taken Poſſeſſion of Hirchſberg, Schmeideberg, Landſhut, and Lemberg, which the Pruſſians had abandoned. The Magazine at Lemberg was removed to Schweidnitz. The Auſtrians are marching towards Branau. Laudohn's Army amounts to 80,000; that of the Pruſſians (excluſive of the Garriſons) is ſcarce 50,000.

Frontiers of Poland, April 18. The Movements of the Ruſſians begin to be very ſerious. We are credibly informed, that their Deſign is to ſecure the important Paſs of Trachenberg, which will open to them a free Entry into Lower Sileſia. Some of their Parties advanced a few Days ago to Rawitſch, in the Palatinate of Poſnania, ſituated only 8 Miles from Berlin.

Gottingen, April 24. A Detachment from hence has been engaged near Uſlar, with a Battalion of Grenadiers and that of the Britiſh Legion, many of whom were killed; and we have taken two Officers, 200 Soldiers, 50 Horſes, and a long Piece of Cannon belonging to the Britiſh Legion. Our Loſs in the Affair was, 13 Men killed, and ſeven wounded. M. de Mandreville, Lieutenant in the Dragoons of the Volunteers of Flanders, had an Arm ſhot off.

Nurenbourg, April 28. General Reid has begun Hoſtilities in Saxony, and has gained ſome Advantage over the Pruſſians.

The Army of the Empire is far from being complete; nor is there any Appearance of its being ſo, as the States of the Empire are excluded from the Congreſs, which they ſeem greatly to reſent.

County of Glatz, April 23. All the Regiments are upon their March this Day, in order to form near the Frontiers of Sileſia. Silberberg and Wartha are taken Poſſeſſion of by Force. General Laudohn will fix his Head-Quarters at Corretau, within a League of Glatz. We expect ſoon very important News.

Paris, April 30. Sixteen Men of War are ordered to be equipped in all Haſte at Breſt, and ſeveral Captains have received Orders to repair thither forthwith.

Hague, May 5. If we may credit ſome private Letters from the Dutchy of Cleves, the French Army under the Command of the Marſhal Prince de Soubiſe is to be entirely formed by the 15th Inſtant and will then begin its Operations.

Paris, May 1. We ſhall ſoon have intereſting Advices both from Marſhal Broglio's Army and that of the Prince de Soubiſe, both having received orders to begin their Operations. A Suſpenſion of Arms is again much talked of. Our Court and that of London have mutually agreed to ſend a Commiſſary to each other, as well to ſettle this Suſpenſion, before the Congreſs aſſemble, as to diſcuſs ſome Points relating to America, which will not be eaſily adjuſted. M. de Buſſy goes from our Court on this Errand. If, contrary to all Expectations, an Armiſtice cannot be ſettled, it is aſſured that the King will go in Perſon to the Army on the Lower Rhine.—Though M. de Buſſy is a Man of Senſe, and well acquainted with America, we doubt much of his ſucceeding in the Negociation; as, in his laſt Tour to London, he made many Enemies, being very ſarcaſtical, which the Engliſh cannot bear.

May 4. Our Eaſt-India Company have received Advice, that one of their Ships homeward bound, with a very rich Cargo, is fallen into the Hands of the Engliſh.

Vienna, May 3. It is currently reported, that the Alliance between the Grand Signior and the King of Pruſſia, is actually concluded and ratified; and that M. Stutterheim has made his public Entry into Conſtantinople, as Miniſter from his Pruſſian Majeſty.

Cadiz, April 6. The Marquis de Squillace is juſt arrived here from Madrid. Two Men of War are come into this Port from Carthagena, and will be followed by ſeven other Ships of the Line, two Frigates, and eight Xebecks, all which are deſtined to convoy 4000 Land Forces to the Bay of Honduras.

LONDON, *May* 9.

Several Letters from Germany mention that there had been a Rencounter between the Engliſh and French Troops near Gottingen, to the Diſadvantage of the former. The French have made ſuch Additions to the Works of Gottingen, that it is become a regular Fortreſs. The Hanoverian Engineers are alſo daily augmenting the Fortifications of Hamelen.

They write from Neurenburg of the 21ſt paſt, that moſt of the Circles of the Empire have Refuſed to ſend any Recruits to the Army of the Empire, alledging, that as the Inhabitants were almoſt ruined by the War, it was therefore not in their Power to ſend more Troops, or to contribute any more towards them.

We hear that Gen. Bocland's, the Earl of Panmure's, and Lord Robert Manners's Regiment of Foot, are ordered to embark immediately for Belleiſle.

According to all the French Advices received from Heſſe, the Allies loſt in their laſt Expedition upwards of 15,000 Men.

The Account of the King of Pruſſia's Arrival in Sileſia is confirmed. Mr. Mitchell, the Engliſh Miniſter, is gone to Leipſic. The Miniſters of the Department for Foreign Affairs are returned to Magdebourg. The Privy Counſellor Hæſeler is to go with Count Podewils, to aſſiſt at the Congreſs at Auguſbourg.

May 12. All the Letters from Vienna intimate, that the Court ſeems to have very little Dependence on the approaching Congreſs, becauſe, they ſay, nothing is yet ſettled whereon to found any Preliminaries.

Conſiderable Betts are laid at Hamburgh, that a general Peace will be ſigned by the firſt of October.

Our Accounts from the Hague intimate, their Hopes of Peace begin to ſubſide, more eſpecially ſince the Declaration of the French Miniſter, that Prince de Soubiſe has expreſs Orders to open the Siege of Munden before the 20th Inſtant.

A terrible Fire broke out the 15th ult. at St. Gall, in Switſerland, which in ſix Hours reduced all the principal Buildings, and 38 Dwelling-Houſes, to Aſhes; and on the 18th it broke out again, which made a total Deſolation of that Place.

By a Letter from a Gentleman at Belleiſle we are informed, that on the firſt Party of our Troops climbing ſome Rocks at Belleiſle, "The French immediately advanced a large Party with Field Pieces to attack them before formed. A raſh Step! for in the Execution, haſtily marching to the Water-ſide, their Flank became expoſed to the Broadſides of the Hampton-Court, Swiftſure & Eſſex, which brought down Rank and File quicker than the Fowler's Piece does Starlings from the Tops of Lincolnſhire Reeds: To withſtand was Folly, for Flight now became Wiſdom. In ſhort our Forces now landed without Obſtruction, took Poſſeſſion of their Field Cannon, and as they formed began the Purſuit. The French Troops are ſince retreated under the Cannon of Palais. Regulars and Militia, their Number is about 4000; their Entrenchments and Defences are exceſſive ſtrong, and will give us much Trouble, but hope we ſhall come off with Glory.—Wedneſday the 28th we were preparing every Thing for a grand Attack; we have been giving and receiving Shells all this Day. Danger and Death ſurround us; but bleſſed be God we retain the Breath of Life, though at the Expence of our Hearing. Some few Hours more will decide the Fate of Belleiſle.

By another Letter we learn, that the French Governor, on our Landing, had ordered all the Proviſions and Cattle on the Iſland into Fort Palais; that he was ſtrongly encamped with his Army before the Town, and had placed all the Engliſh Priſoners in the upper Apartments of the Citadel, againſt which our Artillery was intended to be levelled: And that, on a Meſſage being ſent to the French Governor, to remonſtrate againſt his expoſing them in that dangerous Situation, he ſaid he ſhould return no Anſwer.

May 14. On Monday an Expreſs was ſent to Portſmouth, for expediting the Embarkation of the Troops, and ſailing of the Tranſports deſigned for Belleiſle; and Yeſterday Afternoon another Expreſs went for the ſame Port, and, as ſuppoſed, upon the ſame Buſineſs.

Extract of a Letter from a Land Officer, dated at Belleiſle, April 28, *ten o'Clock at Night.*

"By ſome Deſerters from the Enemy we are aſſured, that the Number of Regular Troops on the Iſland amounts not to more than about 2200 Men, excluſive of which about the ſame Number of the Militia have been aſſembled and armed, but are undiſciplined. Our Batteries are inceſſantly playing upon the Fortreſs of Palais, in which they have already done great Damage, and the Place undoubtedly muſt ſoon be ſurrendered to us; which ſeems alſo to be the Wiſh of the Inhabitants, Gen. Hodgſon's Manifeſto, and our Behaviour upon the Iſland, encouraging them to remain and enjoy their Poſſeſſions in Peace; many, however, with their Effects, have joined the French Army under M. de St. Croix, in a Part at preſent ſtrongly entrenched under the Fortifications of Palais, but Diſpoſitions are making by them to retire into the Fort. Our Loſs ſince the firſt Landing does not amount to 20 Men. The firing on both Sides for two Days paſt has been exceſſively hot. I muſt again repeat that the Iſland will infallibly be ours. The Inhabitants, who are very numerous, now ſupply us with Proviſions, for which they are paid their own Price: Their Villages alſo are numerous, but very ſmall. I hope my next will bring you the agreeable News of the Surrender of this important Place. The Plate belonging to the Churches, which is accounted of great Value, has been carried into the Fortreſs."

May 16. Advice is received over Land from the Eaſt-Indies, that the Garriſon of Pondicherry had made a furious Sally, but were repulſed with great Loſs; and there had been taken from the French ſeveral Pieces of Cannon, &c. The Loſs on our Side was very ſmall; but that Major Monſon had one of his Legs ſhot off by a Cannon Ball.

The Account from the Eaſt-Indies came by the Gruyne Mail, and it further ſays, that the Engliſh expected to be Maſters of Pondicherry in a few Days, as they had learned by the Priſoners, that the Garriſon was in great Want of every Neceſſary of Life.

A ſpecial Courier is arrived here from the Court of France, whoſe Diſpatches occaſioned the immediate aſſembling of a Cabinet Council, the Determinations of which are kept a profound Secret.

The Bruſſels Gazette, in an Article from London, dated May 5th, ſays, It would be known, in a Day or two, whe-

ther

ther France would evacuate Germany, and leave the Empress Queen and the King of Prussia to Determine the Differences alone.

Letters from Frankfort, of the 5th Inst. say, that M. Broglio was determined to push his Operations with the utmost Vigour; and that the whole French Army was to be put in Motion on Whitsunday or Monday.

From Brussels they write, that the French Troops in the Neighbourhood of Dunkirk have received Orders to hold themselves ready to March; and that an Embargo was laid in all the Ports of France.

May 19. It is said, that the French lost in the Sally they made from Pondicherry, before mentioned, in Killed and Prisoners, 1300 Men; and that 'tis impossible for the Place to hold out.

Other Letters advise, that the French Army, encamped under the Walls of Pondicherry, attacked ours (that was blocking up the Place) at all their Posts at once, killed 10 or 12 Europeans, and between 20 and 30 Blacks, and made themselves Masters of two Pieces of Cannon; but were at length repulsed.——Some Days after they made a second Attack upon our Troops, but were again repulsed.——That our Army having received a Reinforcement of about 600 Men, attacked the French in their Turn, killed and wounded a considerable Number of them, took 23 Pieces of Cannon, and drove them into Pondicherry. On Major Monson's being wounded, Colonel Coote had taken the Command; but the Siege could not be made in Form, on Account of the approaching Monsoons, till about January (last) when they made no doubt but we should be Masters of that Place.

Our Ships were to remain before the Place, to prevent their receiving any Succour.

The last Letters from the Hague are not in the usual Stile: The Dutch Politicians own themselves deceived by fine Words and fair Appearances, and seem to think the Return of Peace is by no Means so near at Hand as they imagined a Fortnight ago.

His Majesty has ordered, that the Parliament be prorogued to the second of July.

The King has been pleased to fill up the vacant Stall at Westminster, of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, by conferring the Honour of Knighthood of that Order on Charles Osborne, Esq; Vice Admiral of the blue Squadron of his Majesty's Fleet.

This Morning was carried from his House, in Upper Grosvenor Street, in great Funeral Pomp, the Remains of the Right Honourable Lord Edgcumbe, in order to be interred with his Ancestors at Mount-Edgcumbe, in Devonshire.

The last Letters from Hambourg mention, that it was reported there that the King of Denmark had lent the 10,000 Men to the King of Prussia; that others said that those 10,000 Men were destined to join the Hanoverian Army, and act in Concert with Prince Ferdinand.

According to some Advices from Paris, the Chevalier de St. Croix, Commandant of Fort Palais, in the Island of Belleisle, reckoned he might hold out till the End of the present Month, and this in Hopes that the Duke d'Aquillon might find means to send him Succours.

The Troops of the King of Prussia, according to divers Letters, are as numerous, as fresh, and as well mounted, as if this Campaign was the first of the War.

Besides the Reinforcements sent to our Forces in Belleisle, there are already 12000 Regular Troops, without including Marines.

It is now said that the meeting of the Congress will be retarded by some Proposition made by the French Court, to which ours does not agree;——One Article is reported to be a Suspension of Arms for six Months by Sea as well as Land.

The Empress Queen makes but little Opposition to France's concluding a separate Peace with England, for certain political Reasons, which a short Time will shew.

Whether the Turks pour into Hungary, or fall upon Italy, the Scene of Blood and Devastation must be closed greatly to the Prejudice of the House of Austria.

We are well informed, that Hans Stanley, Esq; one of the Lords of the Admiralty, is to be at Dover on the 23d of this Month, on his Way to the Court of France and M. de Bussy to be at Calais on the same Day, and as near the same Hour as possible, in order to embark for England.

They write from the Hague, of the 14th Instant, that by some Letters from Berlin they had Advice, that a Body of 6000 Russians had taken Possession of the City of Warsaw, which had caused a very great Consternation among the Inhabitants there.

We hear that a certain great Personage, Won, at the last Newmarket Meeting, of a Noble ****, to the Amount of 13,000 l. per Annum, and that the said Noble **** has since turned off Thirty of his Servants. [*The Losing* 13,000 *Pounds a Year would make any* thinking Man *retrench in his Expences.*]

BOSTON, *July* 9.

We don't find in the London Prints of the 14th of May any further Intelligence from Belleisle, than is already published; but we hear that one of the Mast-ships, which came out under Convoy of the Chesterfield, and which is arrived at Piscataqua, on her Passage spoke with a Cutter, bound from Belleisle to England, with Advice that the British Troops had taken Fort-Palais Sword in Hand.—Which Report, with the following Extract of a Letter that came in Captain Aller, makes it probable that the whole Island is subjected to his Britannic Majesty.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, May 22, 1761.

"*There were private Letters To-day, which mention Fort-Palais, in Belleisle, was taken by Storm:—That we lost a Number of Men, and paid dearly for it. A Confirmation of this Piece of News is impatiently waited for.*"

Yesterday arrived here Capt. Cochran, in a Schooner from Newfoundland, who informs, that a French Frigate had been cruising there, and taken several Vessels belonging to Newfoundland, which were ransomed. In Captain Cochran came a Person who belonged to a Letter of Marque Ship, owned in Bristol, and sailed from Ireland in the Spring, bound for Newfoundland; which Ship was attacked five Days after she left Ireland, by a French Privateer, and by some Means one of the Enemy's Granadoes got into her Magazine, which blew her up, whereby the whole Crew was blown up, except five. The Captain of her was——Malone, and the Souls on board were 212 in Number.

July 13. *Yesterday arrived here Captain Morton, in a Brig from Halifax, by whom we learn, that two Ships and a Snow, with Part of Colonel Thwing's Regiment of Provincials, were arrived there in five Days from this Place.*

Extract of a Letter from St. Eustatia, June 16, 1761.

"*The 6th Instant, Commodore Douglass went with his Ships, and a Number of Troops under Lord Rollo, before Roseau, in Dominico, and demanded of the Inhabitants to lay down their Arms, and receive an English Garrison, which they refused to accept: Lord Rollo then landed with his Men, took Possession of the Place, and abandoned it to three Days Plunder by the Soldiers, by which Means you may imagine but little was left in the Town after. The French Commandant, with two others of the leading Men, are on board our Ships, and are to be sent to Europe. The Inhabitants are to tarry there, and become English Subjects. It is thought they will proceed to all the Neutral Islands, and do the same; also to the Granades.*

"*A Transport from New-York, with 200 Soldiers and 24 Women on board, was last Week taken just going into Guadaloupe, and carried into Martinico, by two 10 Gun Sloops.—— There is no Exchange of Prisoners on either Side; the English send all to Europe, and the French keep all in Goal.*"

Thursday last a Snow arrived at Salem, in 17 Days from St. Eustatia, in whom came Passenger Captain Hall, of this Town, who was taken on his Passage from hence for Surrinam, and was put on board a Dutchman bound to St. Eustatia, from whence he came in the above Snow: He informs, that the giving up Dominico to the Plunder of the Soldiers, was occasioned by their making Resistance to our Troops landing, whereby 30 of them were killed.

Last Saturday Sennight was sent into New-London the Prize Sloop St. Barnabas, Michael Gould, Master, taken off Cape Rose, near the Bite of Leoganne, the 20th of May, by the Captains Tucker and Bishop, in two St. Kitts Privateers: She was bound from Jamaica to Port au Prince, laden with Wine, Cheese, &c.

By Captain Folger we have Intelligence, that just before he left London, there were Orders sent to the several Commanders of Men of War, at their several Stations in the West-Indies, to forbid the Interrupting any further the Trade to Monto-Christi, or the Capturing any Vessel on that Trade: Which Orders Capt. Folger imagines are in the West-Indies before this Time.——He further informs, that the Trade to Monto-Christi was now free and open; and that he saw the Clearances of divers Vessels from London for that Port, with several Sorts of Provisions.——He adds, that it was the Opinion of the principal Gentlemen, that those Vessels which have been taken on that Trade and condemned during the War with France, would be cleared.

NEW-YORK, *July* 16.

Tuesday last the Ship Friendship, Capt. Brookbank, arrived here in 32 Days from Morant Bay, in Jamaica. Soon after Captain Brookbank left Jamaica, he was boarded by a Boat from his Majesty's Ship the Hampshire, of 50 Guns, the Lieutenant of which informed him, that the Hampshire had lately fallen in with and taken a French Man of War of 74 Guns, in the Bite of Leoganne, very richly laden with Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, &c. bound from Port au Prince to Old France, and sent her to Jamaica. 'Tis said there was an immense Quantity of Indigo, &c. put on board this Ship, as the Enemy had great Dependence upon her outsailing any of our Ships of War, she being esteemed one of the best going Ships in the French Navy. Admiral Holmes, it is imagined, was on board the Hampshire.

Captain Brookbank further informs us, that on the 4th of July, in Lat. 31 : 24, he saw a Wreck, which appeared to be a new Sloop, with her Stern and Quarters painted Green. She had a Windlass quite new, and steer'd in her Cabbin. He endeavoured, but could not discover from whence she came. He imagines she had not then been long in that Condition.

July 20. Saturday Evening Captain Ptolemy arrived here in 16 Days from Antigua, and brings an Account, that his Majesty's Ship Repulse of 20 Guns, had lately carried in there a Ship of 20 Guns, from Martinico to Old France, loaded with 900 Hogsheads of Sugar; but that she was taken under Neapolitan Colours; that the Governor of Dominico was sent to England; that the Transports that lately sailed from hence for Guadaloupe, were laid up till the Hurricane Months were over, when it was not in the least doubted but that the Siege of Martinico would be undertaken, and that it was the general Opinion of the French themselves, the Island must fall, as they had not received any Supplies of Men from France as was currently reported; that the Martinico Privateers had very bad Success of late, our Men of War being very vigilant on their several Stations.

We hear that the five Vessels belonging to the Cork Fleet that were lately taken and carried into Port Louis, as lately mentioned in this Paper, were all Letters of Marque, and that they had left the Convoy in order to cruize in the Bite of Leoganne for Flags of Truce.

The Francis, Adams; the Phœnix, Miller; the Old Harbour, Dougherty; and the Rebecca, Dennis, transport Vessels in his Majesty's Service, arrived here on Friday last from Philadelphia. There are now between 25 and 30 Transports in the North River, and several more expected.

Letters by last Post from Albany, inform, that the Provincials continually passed forward through that City, to the several Posts where they are destined: That Captain Thody's Company embarked on the 3d Instant from Oswego for Oswegatchie, where, 'tis said, he is to command: That General Gage's Light Infantry is to go to Detroit: That some few Indians at Niagara appeared lately a little Refractory, and gave out Threats, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 23.

By Captain Tilden, in a short Passage from Madeira, we have the following most agreeable Article, viz. "That on the 21st ult. in Lat. "28 : 9, Long. 42 West from London, he was "on board the Snow London, Captain George "Baker, a Packet belonging to the East-India "Company, going Express to England, with the "News of Pondicherry's surrendering to the "English on the 17th of January last; which "Place Captain Baker left the 11th of February, "and had some French Officers on board his "Vessel."

The Sally, Captain Small, from this Port for Jamaica, is taken and carried to Hispaniola.

On Saturday last arrived here Capt. Pennistone, from Bermuda. The Night before he sailed, a Boat came in full of People, that had been lately taken off of that Place.

Since our last Captain Laveroch, from Lisbon, arrived here. On his Passage, near Bermuda, he was taken by a Frigate, Snow and Brig, and ransomed for Seventeen Hundred Pounds Sterling. The same Vessels had before taken Capt. Aiken, from Virginia for Antigua.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 30.

On Tuesday last arrived here from *London*, but last from *Falmouth*, Captain *Joseph Richardson*, in the Snow *Friendship*. She came out with our Fleet, but springing a Leak, put back to refit.

Capt. *Richardson* left *Falmouth* on the 17th of *May*, in Company with the *General Wall* Packet for *New-York*, and the *Prince George* Packet for *Lisbon*.

On the 19th of *May*, in the Morning, about 20 Leagues to the Westward of *Ushant*, Captain *Richardson* fell in with, and came through, a Fleet of Ships consisting of 4 Sail of *English* Men of War, and 60 Transports, who were on their Return from *Belleisle* to *Portsmouth*, having subdued and taken the whole Island, with the Loss of about 1500 Men during the Expedition, and had then the *French* Garrison on board. The other Prisoners which they took, were sent from *Belleisle* to *l'Orient*; and the *English* Forces were left to Garrison the Place, with 5 Sail of the Line, and 3 Frigates, to Guard the Island.

On the Morning of the Day that Capt. *Richardson* came into our Capes, he descried a Ship and a Schooner in Company, at a good Distance from him, but the Schooner left the Ship, gave him Chace, and gain'd upon him fast; but he, crowding Sail, got into the Capes when the Schooner was about a Mile from him, and then she tack'd about and made Sail back again towards the Ship. She was a black Bottom'd Schooner, and had Four Ports on a Side.

As many People are at a Loss to know what Day the Provincial Court was adjourn'd to, this is to inform them that it is adjourn'd to Monday the 31st of August *next.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, *Enter'd*,
Schooner King-Bird, B. Canby, from Virginia;
Snow Friendship, J. Richardson, from London;
Ship Bolling, James Porteous, from Glasgow;
Snow Alexander, John Neilson, from Guiney.

Cleared for Departure,
Sloop Molly, John Gray, for North-Carolina;
Schooner Chester, William Thomas, for Barbados.

July 29, 1761.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Snow Alexander, *Captain* Neilson, *from the Coast of* AFRICA,

A CARGO of Choice Healthy SLAVES, and to be Sold on Tuesday next, being the 4th of *August*, at *Annapolis*, for Bills of Exchange or Cash, by THOMAS and WM. RINGGOLD, SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

July 29, 1761.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Snow AFRICA, *Captain* William Penhale, *from* AFRICA,

A PARCEL of Choice Healthy Fine Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, and will be Sold on Tuesday the 4th Day of *August* next, at LOWER-MARLBOROUGH on *Patuxent* River, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, by

CHARLES GRAHAME,
WILLIAM FITZHUGH,
BENJAMIN FENDALL.

CHOICE *SCOTCH* HERRINGS in Firkins, to be Sold at *Bladenſburg*, by
RICHARD HENDERSON.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber in Annapolis,
A LARGE Quantity of OAKUM, very reaſonably.

Silverſmiths and Jewellers Work compleatly performed, and alſo Clocks made, and Watches mended, in the neateſt and beſt Manner.
JOHN INCH.

Annapolis, July 30, 1761.

THE Subſcriber gives Notice, That he has now broke up Partnerſhip with Mr. *Nathaniel Adams*, and deſires all Perſons that ſtand indebted to him, to come and make Payment ſpeedily, ſo that he may be enabled to pay off the Demands that may come againſt him. He ſtill carries on a ſmall Trade, and ſells Dry Goods, Rum, *Muſcovado* and Loaf Sugar, Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate, *Cheſhire* and *Glouceſter* Cheeſe, Raiſins, *&c.* at very reaſonable Rates.
THOMAS WILSON.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subſcriber, a large Dark Bay Horſe, about Fourteen Hands and a Half high, he has no Brand, or if any, unknown, he paces ſlow, and goes hard, has been lately trimmed near his Ears, has a ſhort Switch Tail, and hanging Mane, and what is remarkable in his going, he is apt to ſhift his Feet when Forced in a Pace. Whoever brings the Horſe to the Subſcriber near *Port-Tobacco*, or to Mr. *Colmore Beanes* at *Nottingham*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward.
THOMAS CONTEE.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, a Convict Servant Man named *John Amburry*, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, well-ſet, full faced, ſore Eyes, and ſhort black Hair. He had on when he went away, a Country Linen Shirt and Trowſers, a white Kerſey Coat dyed with Sumack, an old Broad-Cloth Waiſtcoat, Country Shoes and Stockings, and a new Felt Hat. He alſo carried with him a fine Holland Shirt, ruffled at the Sleeves and Boſom. It is probable he will forge a Paſs, as he writes a good Hand. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him ſo that his Maſter may get him, ſhall receive One Shilling for every Mile he is taken up from Home, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds, paid by WILLIAM HOBBS.

June 26, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore* County, an *Iriſh* Servant Woman named *Margaret Earley*, ſhe is ſhort and thick, aged about 40, is pretty much freckled, and has red Hair. Her Apparel is a Country Linen Petticoat, an Oſnabrigs or Holland Shift, Cotton Jacket, an old quilted Petticoat, Red Cloak, *&c. &c.*

Whoever takes up the ſaid Woman, and brings her to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Forty Shillings if taken in the Province, and if out of it, Two Piſtoles, paid by SAMUEL WORTHINGTON.

July 27, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Frederick* County, on the 20th Inſtant, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Carle*, but it is thought he will change his Name. He is about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 2 Inches high. He has loſt his Right Arm. His Apparel uncertain, and it is thought he will endeavour to paſs for a Beggar.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall be paid all reaſonable Charges beſides what the Law allows, if taken Ten Miles from Home. JOHN ADAMSON.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of Capt. *Walter Tolley*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Horſe about 5 Years old, has a bob Tail, a ſmall Star, and mealy Noſe, has no Brand nor Ear-mark.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

June 18, 1761.

WENT from the Snow *Antelope*'s Stern, at *Sewall*'s Point, a Carvil built BOAT, about 15 Feet long, newly ſcraped, and painted with a Stroke of Yellow below the Moulding, the Moulding Blue, and betwixt the Mouldings Black; her Bottom is payed with White Lead and Tallow, and ſhe has a Rudder and Iron Tiller.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Boat, and gives Notice thereof either to Mr. *Robert Dick* at *Bladenſburg*, or to Mr. *Robert Haſty* at *Buſh-River*, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward.

JUST IMPORTED
In the ESSEX, *Capt.* JOHN CURLING, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store at* Indian-Landing,

A NEAT Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon. Likewiſe good *Weſt-India* Rum, and *Muſcovado* Sugar.

Alſo ſundry Cabinet Goods in Mahogany, to be Sold at the Sheriff's Office in *Annapolis*. Apply to Mr. *Pinkney*. RALPH FORSTER.

Upper-Marlborough, July 14, 1761.

JUST IMPORTED
In the ESSEX, *Capt.* CURLING, *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, and to be Sold at the Subſcriber's Store, by Wholeſale or Retail, for Caſh, Bills, or Tobacco.
2 DANIEL CARROLL.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 21ſt of this Inſtant *July*, a Convict Servant Man named *John Benn*, by Trade a Taylor, born in *England*, and ſpeaks a little upon the Country Dialect; his Voice is ſoft and ſmooth; he is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high. He took with him two Check Shirts, one white Ditto ruffled at the Boſom, a dark colour'd Coat much mended after being tore, Fall Shoes, coarſe Caſtor Hat, a Pair of mix'd *German* Serge Breeches. He wears his own ſhort brown Hair turn'd up before. He will in all Probability change his Name and Apparel; but the Apprehender may know him to be a Taylor by the fore Finger of his left Hand being prick'd with the Needle. He has alſo taken with him a Bay Mare about 13½ Hands high, with a Ridge Mane, branded on the near Buttock, but the Brand unknown. 2

Whoever will take up the ſaid Servant, and bring him to his Maſter, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, beſide what the Law allows; and Twenty Shillings for the Mare. JOHN DUCKER.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Upper-Marlborough*, on the 26th of *February* laſt, a Country-born Negro Fellow named *Anthony*, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kerſey, and Swanſkin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Oſnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been uſed to work on board Ships in *Patuxent* River, and it is ſuppoſed is ſomewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Negro, and bring him home, ſhall have Forty Shillings, beſide what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beſide what the Law allows, paid by 2 JOHN GANTT.

Upper-Marlborough, July 9, 1761.

THE Subſcribers have juſt Imported, in the CAPEL, Capt. WARING, from LONDON, a large Cargo of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, which they will ſell, by Wholeſale or Retail, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.
3 ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the DOLPHIN, *Captain* M'DOUGALL, *from* LONDON, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in* ALEXANDRIA, *by Wholeſale or Retail, for ready Money or ſhort Credit,*

A LARGE Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, ſuitable to the Summer and Winter Seaſons.
3 CHARLES DIGGES.

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3 The SHIP
PRINCESS CAROLINE,
JAMES COLE,
COMMANDER,

NOW lying in *South-River*, takes in TOBACCO at Twelve Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſign'd to Meſſrs. *Sydenham* and *Hodgſon*, Merchants in *London*.

ALL Perſons having any legal Claims againſt the Eſtate of Mr. *William Savory*, late of *Baltimore* County, Deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, and they ſhall be paid: And all Perſons Indebted, either by Bond, Note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make immediate Payment, or elſe they may expect Trouble.

3 JOHN MARCER, ROBERT PORTER, } Adminiſtrators.

THE good Brigantine *Sarah*, *London* or River Built, *William Dixon*, Maſter, Burthen 180 Tons, will carry about 260 Hogſheads of Tobacco, is well found, and a prime Sailer, will agree to ſail with or without Convoy, is ready to treat with any Gentleman for a Freight of Tobacco for *London*, at the Current Freight, with Liberty of Conſignment to any Merchant in *London*. She is now lying in *Choptank* River. The Captain may be ſpoke with on board the ſaid Veſſel, or he may be heard of at Mr. *Sewall*'s in *Queen's-Town*, at Mr. *Robert Lloyd*'s near the ſaid Town, or at Mr. *John Caille*'s near *Ennalls*'s Ferry.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and cloſe Attention of every reaſonable Being, who expects future Bliſs. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Intereſt to promote the Honour and Worſhip of the ſupreme Mind, as neceſſary to our own Proſperity, the Good of Society, and future Happineſs of Man. Animated by theſe intereſting Motives, we, of the Preſbyterian Perſuaſion in this Town, deſire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchaſe a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worſhip GOD according to our Conſciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourſelves as yet inſufficient to raiſe ſuch a Sum as is neceſſary to accompliſh ſuch an important Deſign, beg Leave therefore to ſollicit the Generoſity of our Fellow-Chriſtians to aſſiſt and encourage us in compleating a ſmall Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is ſo well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has ſollicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we ſhall meet with general Encouragement.

SCHEME of the LOTTERY.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	1500	is	1500
2	of	750	are	1500
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	200	are	600
4	of	150	are	600
5	of	100	are	500
10	of	50	are	500
10	of	40	are	400
10	of	30	are	300
10	of	20	are	200
20	of	10	are	200
30	of	8	are	240
2482	of	5	are	12410
2589	Prizes,		First drawn	30
2411	Blanks.		Laſt drawn	20
5000	Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are			20000

CONDITIONS.

THAT the Lottery ſhall be drawn in *Baltimore-Town* as ſoon as the Tickets are diſpoſed of, and previous Notice thereof ſhall be given in This and the *Pennſylvania* Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Prize, thereby to raiſe the Sum intended of Three Thouſand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Meſſieurs *John Smith* and *William Buchanan*, *John Stevenſon*, *Jonathan Plowman*, *William Lyon*, and *Nicholas Ruxton Gay*, of *Baltimore*; Mr. *David McCulloch*, of *Joppa*; Mr. *George Stevenſon*, of *York*; Col. *John Armſtrong*, of *Carliſle*; Dr. *David Roſs*, of *Bladenſburg*; Mr. *Peter Hubbert*, of *Dorſet*; and Mr. *Jonas Green*, of *Annapolis*; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to diſcharge the Truſt repoſed in them.

A Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in This and the *Pennſylvania* Gazette, after the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Money paid after the Deduction afore-mentioned. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generouſly given towards this laudable Purpoſe, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. *Thomas Campbell*, Merchant, at *Nottingham*, and of Mrs. *Ramſay*, at the Head of *Severn*.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence, *Pennſylvania* Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchaſe of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Diſcharge of Prizes.

WHEREAS I have good Ground to apprehend, That my Wife *Mary Barrow*, of *Talbot* County, will endeavour to run me in Debt: This is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from Truſting her on my Account; for I will not Pay any Debt of her Contracting.

July 7, 1761. GILBERT BARROW.

JUST IMPORTED

From London, *in the Ship* Baltimore, *Capt.* Halbert Hanſon, *and to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store at the Head of the Dock in* Annapolis, *at reaſonable Rates,*

A PARCEL of the neateſt and neweſt faſhioned Marble Tables, ſuitable for any Gentleman's Room, being of different Sizes, *viz.* from 2 Feet 6 Inches by 1 Foot 10 Inches, to 6 Feet 2 Inches by 3 Feet, and of different Colours, *viz.* black and white, black and yellow, red and white, white and blue, dove colour, *&c. &c. &c.* Alſo Steel Coffee Mills, Hand Mill Stones, Seines from 25 to 35 Fathom long, with Cod-Lines, Leads and Corks. Likewiſe an Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, ſuitable to Summer and Winter Seaſons. RICHARD MACKUBIN.

N. B. Gold and Silver for Bills.

To be SOLD at the Subſcriber's Store in Baltimore-Town, *on Saturday the Firſt of* Auguſt *next, by Way of Vendue, (for the Benefit of the Underwriters)*

A QUANTITY of Damaged GOODS, which was imported in the *Charming Nancy*, Captain *Bruſh*. R. MOALE.

Alexandria, June 29, 1761.

THE Subſcriber wants to Charter a Veſſel for the *Weſt-Indies*, Burthen from 80 to 100 Tons. If any Perſon can ſupply him with ſuch a Veſſel, he will be glad to treat with him.

RICHARD BARRETT.

WHEREAS I did by my Advertiſement in *January* laſt, deſire all Perſons Indebted to the late Mr. *Patrick Creagh*, of this City, Merchant, to come and pay off their Accounts, or ſettle the ſame; and as very few of them have complied therewith, or taken any Notice thereof, although many of them have had their Accounts delivered in ſome Time: Theſe are therefore once more to deſire all thoſe who are any ways indebted to the ſaid *Creagh*, or have open Accounts with him, to come immediately and ſettle the ſame, or they may depend on being ſued to *Auguſt* Court next; which I hope they will take Care to prevent.

RICHARD MACKUBIN, Adminiſtrator.

June 29, 1761.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wedneſday the ſecond Day of Prince-George's Auguſt *Court next, for Bills of Exchange, or Caſh,*

A LOT in the Town of *Upper-Marlborough*, whereon is a pretty good Dwelling Houſe, with a Brick Chimney, three Rooms on the lower Floor, and above Stairs entire, but may be made into two convenient Lodging Rooms.

CHARLES GRAHAME,
GEORGE LEE.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 24th of Auguſt *next, on the Premiſſes, on* Front-Street, *near the White Horſe in* Baltimore-Town,

TWO LOTS, N°. 13 and 14, where Mr. *Thomas Clandenning* now lives, with all the Improvements thereon, conſiſting of the following Buildings, *viz.* a good Dwelling Houſe 80 Feet in Length, well finiſhed, the ſame having Four Rooms below, with good Fire Places; and alſo, a good Kitchen and Cellar, with other convenient Out-Houſes, Garden, Oven, Wood-Yard, *&c.* The Apartments above are, Three Rooms with Fire Places, and other proper Rooms for Servants and Lumber. The Whole is well adapted for Private or Public Houſe, and one of the Lots has above 100 Feet Front now to improve.

The Terms of Sale will be eaſy.

If any Gentleman incline to make a private Purchaſe, the Terms may be known by applying to Mr. *John Ridgely*, Merchant, in ſaid Town, who will agree for and diſpoſe of the ſame. If they ſhould be ſold at private Sale, before the Time limited in this Advertiſement, Notice ſhall be given thereof in this Gazette.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Edward Dorſey*, Eſq; deceaſed, whether by Bond, Mortgage, Note, Book-Account, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to *Benjamin Beall*, who is impowered to ſettle and receive the ſame. And all thoſe who have Claims or Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be diſcharged. Attendance will be given by ſaid *Beall*, at *Annapolis*, and at *Baltimore*, *Anne-Arundel* and *Frederick* County Courts for facilitating the Buſineſs aforeſaid.

HENRIETTA MARIA DORSEY,
Adminiſtratrix of *Edward Dorſey*.

JUST IMPORTED

From LONDON, *in the Ship* SALLY, *Captain* JOHN JOHNSTON, *and to be Sold at the Subſcriber's Store in* ANNAPOLIS, *for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, at the moſt reaſonable Rates,*

AN Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, ſuitable to Summer and Winter Seaſons.

Alſo Rum, Wine, Salt, Molaſſes, Double Refined and Brown Sugar, *&c. &c.*

NATHAN HAMMOND, junr.

N. B. Caſh for Bills.

The SNOW *VIRGINIAN*,

JOHN MARSHALL,
MASTER,

NOW lying at *Piſcataway*, *Patowmack* River, takes in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds *per* Ton, conſign'd Meſſieurs *Croſbies* and *Trafford*, Merchants in *Liverpool*. Any Perſons inclinable to Ship, are deſired to ſend their Orders to Mr. *Richard Whittle* in *Bladenſburg*, Meſſieurs *John Baynes*, and *George Hardy*, junior, in *Piſcataway*, or to the Maſter on Board.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raiſing Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, to conſiſt of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, *viz.*

Number of Prizes.		Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	300	are	600
3	of	150	are	450
4	of	100	are	400
10	of	50	are	500
12	of	40	are	480
20	of	30	are	600
35	of	20	are	700
200	of	8	are	1600
900	of	5	are	4500
1187 Prizes.			First drawn Ticket	40
2813 Blanks.			Laſt drawn Ticket	30
			Sum raiſed	1600

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 2½ Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 *per Cent* on the whole.

As a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged, the Drawing will be in *October* next, or ſooner, if ſooner full, in the Court-Houſe of ſaid County, of which ſufficient Notice will be given in this Gazette.

The Managers appointed are, Meſſieurs *Chriſtopher Edelin*, *Stephen Ranſburg*, *James Dickſon*, *Thomas Schley*, *Conrad Groſh*, *Caſper Shaaff*, *Thomas Price*, *Samuel Swearingen*, *Valentine Adam*, and *William Kimbol*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of this Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in this Gazette, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence *Pennſylvania* Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame Currency is to paſs upon the ſame Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED

From LONDON, *in the* Charming Nancy, *Captain* GEORGE BRUSH, *and in the* Baltic Merchant, *Captain* PENNEY,

A NEAT Aſſortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS, which are to be Sold by the Subſcriber, at his Store in *Baltimore-Town*. RICHARD MOALE.

THE Subſcriber now keeps TAVERN in *Port-Tobacco* Town, in the Houſe that Mr. *Doncaſtle* formerly kept Tavern in, where all Travellers, and Others, may depend on good Entertainment, from *Their very humble Servant*,

JOHN GODY.

June 8th, 1761.

STRAYED from the Subſcriber, near *Port-Tobacco* in *Charles* County, on the 23d of laſt Month, a middle-ſiz'd White Horſe, paces naturally, has a bob Tail, and a ridge Mane. Whether he is branded or not, is uncertain. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber, ſhall have a Reward of Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN HANSON, junior.

ALL Perſons having Demands on the Subſcriber, are deſired to bring them in, and they ſhall be paid. Thoſe indebted to him are requeſted to make Payment immediately, otherwiſe they will be ſued without further Notice.

JAMES CHALMERS.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wedneſday the 5th of Auguſt *next, at the Houſe of Mr.* Benjamin Berry *in* Upper-Marlborough, *for Sterling or Bills of Exchange,*

THE following Tracts of LAND, and ſundry HOUSES and STORES in *Upper-Marlborough*, lately belonging to Mr. *James Wardrop*, deceaſed.

One Tract of Land called *Hazard*, with Reſurvey, containing	790	Acres.
One Tract called *Partnerſhip*,	280	
One Ditto —— *Dearbought*,	500	
One Ditto —— *Wooden Platter*,	327	
One Ditto —— *Green Spring*,	210	
One Ditto —— *Brentford*,	35	
One Ditto —— *Oxford*,	54	
One Ditto —— *Cool Spring*,	75	
One Ditto —— *Bloomſbury*,	104	
One Ditto —— *John's Delight*,	104	
One Ditto —— *Pine Hill*,	90	
One Ditto —— *Nut Spring*,	114	
Part of *Red Oak Level*,	100	

All theſe lying in *Frederick* County.

Part of a Tract of Land called *Bell's Paſture*, containing 254 Acres, with ſome Improvements thereon, and lying in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*.

One Lot in *Upper-Marlborough*, with a large Store, where the late Mr. *Wardrop* formerly kept Store, with ſeveral large Warehouſes, and other Improvements thereon.

One other Lot in *Upper-Marlborough*, with a Brick Houſe, and ſeveral other Improvements, at preſent in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *Benjamin Brooke*.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to the Subſcriber. JAMES DICK.

THE Subſcribers are impower'd to contract for the Building a BRICK DWELLING HOUSE in *Annapolis*, Two Stories High, with Stone Cellars, *&c.* The Undertaker to find Materials.

Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to undertake the ſame, may ſee the Plan, and know the Terms, by applying to JOHN BRICE,
LANCELOT JACQUES.

WHEREAS the Act of Aſſembly of this Province, made and paſſed in 1733, *for emitting and making current Ninety Thouſand Pounds*, is near Expiring; The Commiſſioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all thoſe who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and diſcharge the ſame; otherwiſe they will be proceeded againſt as the Law directs.

Signed per *Order*,
ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

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